Name		Class		Date		
	IDED RE	ADING lies for Georg	nia Stu	dante		
	_	ia and World War II	gia Otu	uents		
	tions: U	auses of World War se the information f ollowing.		572 - 579 to complete th	e	
1.	In the 1920s,		had to	ried to overcome the deva	astating effects	
	of World War	I.				
2.	Destroyed	,	unstable ec	conomies, and poverty ha	d made	
	-	difficult for many	<b>'</b> .			
3.	In the Pacific,		need for	materials to su	ipport its	
	growing indus	tries led it to become	<u> </u>			
4.	In	and		, militaristic		
	emerged.					
5.	After World W	ar I, most		wanted to focus on the	ir own country.	
6.	They wanted a	a	_ relationsh	ip with other countries, bu	it they did not	
	want to get involved in the of those countries or their					
	relationships with one another.					
7.	The	of Versa	ailles, which	ended World War I, was	not a treaty that	
	would create a	a	world.	Instead, the	powers	
	had framed th	e treaty with the		of keeping Germany	·	
8.	Under the	of th	e treaty, Ge	rmany had to	that it	
		the war, pay		(compensation	ı for war	
	damages) to A	Vilias and				

Name		Class	I	Date		
9.	The U.S	depende	ed on	both farm		
	products and manu	factured goods to consur	mers in	places. The		
		of those countries wa	as of great interest	to the		
10	.So in the 1920s, the	 e governm	ent tried to	another war		
	by making	that wo	uld lessen the char	nce that war would start.		
11	The United States hosted a in Washington, D.C., and invited					
	the major	powers to atter	nd. There they wor	ked out		
	major treaties and	several other agreements	S.			
12	They	the number	of certain types of	ships		
	each country could	have, agreed to	eac	h other's		
	in the Pacific Ocean, and agreed to maintain an					
		" trade po	olicy with			
13	s. In 1928, fifteen	signe	ed the Kellogg-Briar	nd Pact		
	(	), which said that	nations would not	resort to		
	except in					
14	. In 1931,	, in	of t	he pact, took over an		
	area of northern Ch	nina called				
15	Japan had long bee	en a growing	power	, and it needed the raw		
	materials of Manch	uria, such as	and	, for its		
	factories.					
	·	to create an	• -			

ame	Class	Date
17. In 1937, it	China, brutally	thousands in
Nanking, and tak	king several key cities. But the	government
held on, and the	war between the two countries continue	ed.
18.In 1941,	invaded the	colony of
Indochina in sou	theast Asia.	
19.Meanwhile, in Eu	urope, both and Ge	ermany fell under the control of
	governments.	
20	is a philosophy of government ch	naracterized by a
	(a leader with absolute power).	
21. Fascists believe	in the of a pa	rticular group, often a
	_ or national group.	
22. A fascist econom	ny works to the go	overnment, although private
property remains	s in private hands. Fascists do not belie	eve in
rights or	·	
	, the fascist leader was Benito _	
23. In	, the fascist leader was Benito _ , fascist Adolf	
23. In 24. In		
23. In 24. In with his	, fascist Adolf	came to power in 1933
23. In	, fascist Adolf political party.	came to power in 1933
23. In  24. In  with his  25. In the 1930s, a conseralissimo F	, fascist Adolf political party. civil war in also bro	came to power in 1933  ught a fascist leader to power
23. In  24. In  with his  25. In the 1930s, a concentralissimo F  26. Just as	, fascist Adolf political party. civil war in also broken	came to power in 1933  ught a fascist leader to power  in Asia,

me	Class	I	Date
28. In 1936, he [H	litler] invaded an area b	petween Germany and Fra	nce called the
	Two yea	rs later, he sent troops into	)
	, and then int	to part of	a few
months later.			
29. In 1936, Germ	nany and Italy made an	called	the Rome-Berlin
·			
30	became part of th	ne alliance in	_, so the three became
known as the	Po	owers.	
31	[Italy} claim	ed to have	the "putrid
	_ (dead body) of liberty	v." In other words,	was dead
in his country.			
32	targeted grou	ps that he considered	, not
part of the Ge	rman master	, for	camps
where they we	ere poorly fed and over	worked.	
33	people in Ger	many and the conquered l	ands became targeted
not only for sla	ave labor, but for	(the deliber	ate killing of a particular
group of peop	le).		
34. In the autumn	of,	the German army invaded	li
what came to	be called a	("lightning	war").
35		had begun.	
			doctored war on

Name	Class		Date
37. After a few quiet m	onths, country after co	ountry	to invading German
	,	the Netherlands	s, Belgium, and finally
38. German planes be		Great Brita	ain in the second half of 1940.
39. Then in June 1941	, Germany invaded the	e	,
violating an agreer	ment they had made _	to	fight each other.
40.The	response to all these	developments w	as to stay
41. Americans believe	d that this was a		war and that the United States
should remain			
42. In the mid-1930s,	Congress passed a se	ries of	Acts. This
made it	to sell		_ to nations at war or to make
loans to those that	had not paid their Wo	rld War II	(which included
the countries at wa	ar).		
43. By the end of the 1	930s,	_ came to Ameri	ca of the terrible
	of Great Britain, the	e	Japanese treatment of the
Chinese, and the _	persec	cutions of minori	ities.
44. The United States	also had to deal with t	he issue of	•
45. President Rooseve	elt	_ that the	powers might win the
war and	U.S. trade.		
46. In late 1939, the U	nited States	the	e policy that made
			nations, especially Great
			" basis.

me	Class	Date _	
47. When	fell in June 19	940, the	
began to	itself, not kr	nowing how far the	
lust for empire migh	t go.		
48. In September [1940	], the nation's first pea	ce-time	went into effect.
Over	million men be	tween twenty-one and thi	rty-five had to
	for military service	e.	
49. At the same time, th	ne United States also n	nade a w	ith Great Britain.
The United States to	raded old U.S	in return fo	or Great Britain
allowing U.S. militar	у	on several British	
50.In 1940, Roosevelt	was the	president in United Sta	tes history to
for a	ter	m. He believed that the _	
nature of the times i	made it better to	the same pres	ident, to not
"change horses in tl	ne	of the	." _•
51. After the election, _		_ agreed to help Great Br	itain even more
through the	<del>-</del>	Act. The act gave	the president the
	to let countrie	s fighting	the Axis
Powers "	" milita	ry supplies.	
52	opposed to the l	Jnited States becoming _	
the war were	this	program.	
53. Meanwhile, in the n	orthern	Ocean, a German	
	fired on an Ame	rican	in September
1941.			

me	Class	Date	
54. As a result, Roosevelt	, as	in	of the
U.S	, issued an order t	hat U.S. navy ships cou	ıld
at German submarine	es on sight.		
55. The U.S. Navy also be	egan to	(escort) British ship	s across the
Atlantic until they were	e about 400 miles away fr	om Great Britain.	
56. The	believed that all the	se actions violated any	
	the United States claime	ed. In October, their sul	bmarines
	one U.S. ship and	another.	
57. In the	Ocean,	had become a p	roblem. When
the United State began	n	in 1940, it built	fo
a Pacific			
58. In 1940, ships began t	o be based at		Naval
Base in the U.S. territo	ory of	·	
59. The United States also	)	selling Japan	such
as iron and steel that o	could be used in making		_ equipment.
60. When Japan took over	r	_ from the French in the	e summer of
1941, the United State	es stopped selling them _	and beg	an to send
to	the	, which had been a	a U.S. territory
since the Spanish-Am	erican War.		
61. The United States was	s also sending	to China in its	
against Japan.			

at it would go
aid to China
·
itory as
; it knew the
s where Japan
close
·
d live in
of war on
_

Name	Class		Date		
71.Throughout the	e 1920s and 1930s,	Carl	of Georgia ha	d	
	the United States to build up its				
(Page 577)					
72. His efforts help	oed prepare	f	or the coming war. (Page	: 577)	
73. ln 1914, he be	came the U.S.		for his district. (	Page 577)	
74. In 1917, he be	came a member of t	he House	Affairs Co	ommittee. By	
1923, he was t	he ranking		on the committee and so	he became	
its	when Demo	crats were in th	ne majority. (Page 577)		
75. His work made	him an	in mil	itary affairs, and he suppo	rted a strong	
national		(Page 577)			
76. Vinson especia	ally pushed the idea	of a	and		
navy. (Page 5	77)				
77. In 1934, Vinso	n helped	the Vi	nson-Trammel Act, which	authorized	
the building of	new	to repla	ce aging ones in the fleet.	(Page 577)	
78. Four years late	er, the Naval Expans	sion act, which	guid	ded through	
Congress, exp	anded the	acros	s the board, supported the	e training of	
	, and		_ naval bases. (Page 57	7)	
79. The second pi	ece of legislation als	o allowed faste	er	of	
	_ ships. (Page 577	)			
80. Before World \	Var II,	econ	omy had grown depender	nt on the	
state's	insta	allations. Durin	g the war,		
continued to s	upport military install	ations in the st	ate. (Page 577)		